

AV8

KP3

$$1 a) \quad y''' = -e^x y' - y = g(x, y, y')$$

$$\text{ASETETÄÄN } x_1 = y, \quad x_2 = y', \quad x_3 = y''$$

$$\text{NYT SIIS: } \begin{cases} x_1' = y' = x_2 \\ x_2' = y'' = x_3 \\ x_3' = y''' = g(x, x_1, x_2, x_3) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{x}'(x) = \begin{bmatrix} y'(x) \\ y''(x) \\ y'''(x) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -e^x & 0 \end{bmatrix} \bar{x}(x)$$

$$b) \quad y'' = -k \sin y$$

$$\text{ASET. } x_1 = y, \quad x_2 = y'$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1' = x_2 \\ x_2' = -k \sin x_1 \end{cases}$$

$$c) \begin{cases} y_1'' - y_1' - 2y_1 = x^2 & \Rightarrow y_1'' = y_1' + 2y_1 + x^2 \\ y_2'' - y_2 - 3y_1 = 0 & \Rightarrow y_2'' = y_2 + 3y_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{ASET. } x_1 = y_1, \quad x_2 = y_1', \quad x_3 = y_2, \quad x_4 = y_2'$$

$$\bar{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} x_1' \\ x_2' \\ x_3' \\ x_4' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1' \\ y_1'' \\ y_2 \\ y_2' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \bar{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x^2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$2. \quad \bar{Y}' = A\bar{Y} \quad \lambda_1 = 1 \quad \bar{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 2 \quad \bar{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -0,1 \\ 0,1 \end{bmatrix}$$

YLEINEN RATKAISU

$$\bar{Y}(x) = C_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} \bar{v}_1 + C_2 e^{\lambda_2 x} \bar{v}_2$$

$$= C_1 e^x \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + C_2 e^{2x} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0,1 \\ 0,1 \end{bmatrix}$$

PERINTÄINEN YHTÄLÖPARIRATKAISU.  
 VOI TOKI GAUSSILLA...

$$\begin{cases} -2C_1 + C_2 = -0,1 \\ C_1 + C_2 = 0,1 \\ C_1 = 0,1 - C_2 \\ -0,2 + 2C_2 + C_2 = -0,1 \\ 3C_2 = 0,1 \\ C_2 = \frac{1}{30} \\ C_1 = \frac{2}{30} \end{cases}$$

$$Y(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -0,1 \\ 0,1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} Y_1 = -0,1 \\ Y_2 = 0,1 \end{matrix}$$

$$Y(1) = \frac{2e}{30} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{e^2}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4e + e^2 \\ 2e + e^2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{30} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} Y_1 \approx -0,116 \\ Y_2 \approx 0,428 \end{matrix}$$

$$Y(1,5) = \frac{2e^{1,5}}{30} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{e^3}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4e^{1,5} + e^3 \\ 2e^{1,5} + e^3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{30} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} Y_1 \approx 0,07196 \\ Y_2 \approx 0,968 \end{matrix}$$

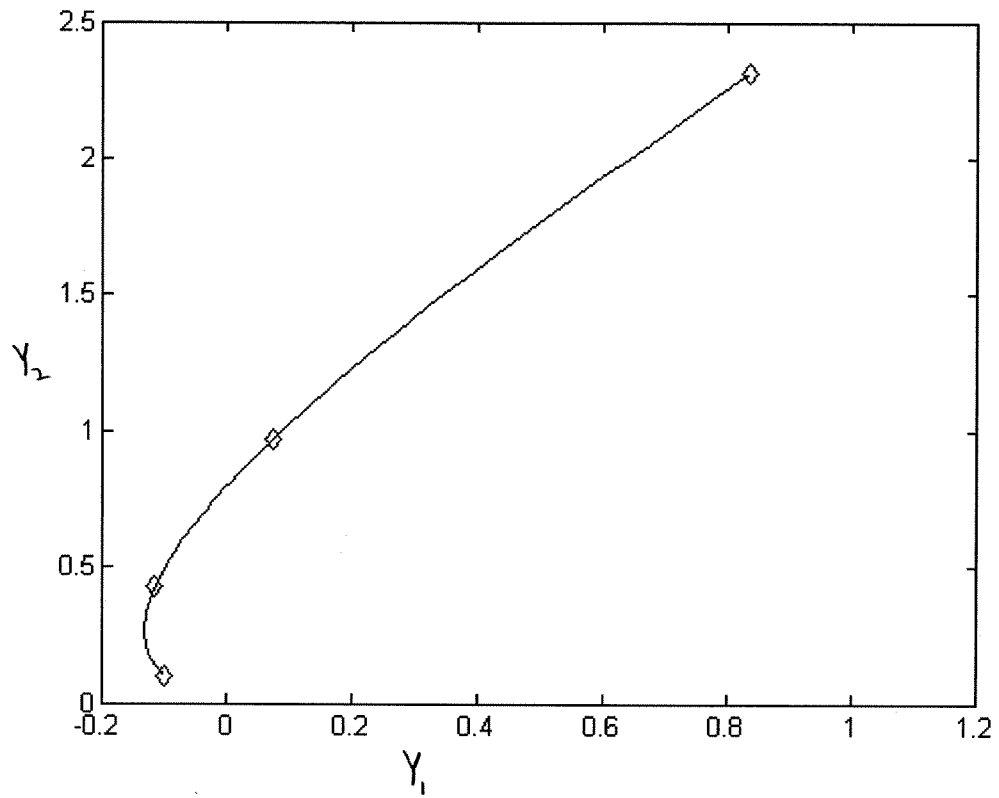
$$Y(2) = \frac{2e^2}{30} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{e^4}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4e^2 + e^4 \\ 2e^2 + e^4 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{30} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} Y_1 \approx 0,835 \\ Y_2 \approx 2,313 \end{matrix}$$

YL. RATK. SIIS:

$$\bar{Y}(x) = \begin{bmatrix} -4e^x + e^{2x} \\ 2e^x + e^{2x} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{30}$$

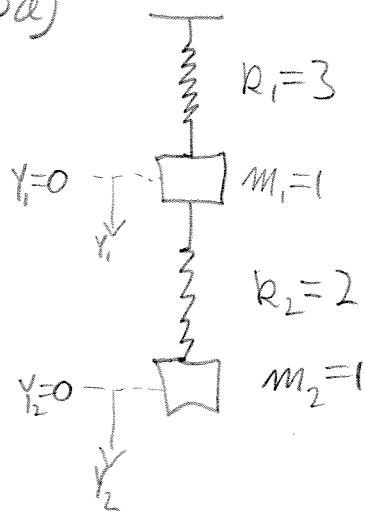
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Tehtävä 2



AV8

3a)



$$F=ma \quad F=-kY$$

LIIKKEYHTÄLÖT:

$$\begin{cases} m_1 y_1'' = -k_1 y_1 + k_2 (y_2 - y_1) \\ m_2 y_2'' = -k_2 (y_2 - y_1) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_1'' = -3y_1 + 2(y_2 - y_1) = -5y_1 + 2y_2 \\ y_2'' = -2 \cdot (y_2 - y_1) = 2y_1 - 2y_2 \end{cases}$$

TOISEN KERTALUVUN SYSTEMI:

$$\bar{Y}'' = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \bar{Y} \quad \left( \bar{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

1. KL SYSTEEMÄ VARTEN ASETETAAN:

$$x_1 = y_1, \quad x_2 = y_1', \quad x_3 = y_2, \quad x_4 = y_2'$$

NYT SAADAAN RYHMÄ

$$\begin{cases} x_1' = y_1' = x_2 \\ x_2' = y_1'' = -5y_1 + 2y_2 = -5x_1 + 2x_3 \\ x_3' = y_2' = x_4 \\ x_4' = y_2'' = 2y_1 - 2y_2 = 2x_1 - 2x_3 \end{cases}$$

MATRIISI MUODOSSA:

$$\bar{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -5 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \bar{x}$$

$$\bar{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

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3b) WRITE  $\bar{y} = e^{\omega t} \bar{x}$

$$\bar{y}'' = A\bar{y}, \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega^2 e^{\omega t} \bar{x} = A(e^{\omega t} \bar{x})$$

$$A\bar{x} = \omega^2 \bar{x}$$

MERKITÄÄN  $\omega^2 = \lambda$

OMINAISARVOT:

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5-\lambda & 2 \\ 2 & -2-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (5+\lambda)(2+\lambda) - 4 = \lambda^2 + 7\lambda + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_1 = -1$$

$$\lambda_2 = -6$$

OMINAISVEKTORIT:

$$\lambda_1 = -1: \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow 2x_1 - x_2 = 0$$

VALITTAAN  $x_1 = 1 \Rightarrow x_2 = 2$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = -6: \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x_1 + 2x_2 = 0$$

VALITTAAN  $x_2 = 1 \Rightarrow x_1 = -2$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

KOSKA  $\omega^2 = \lambda$  SAADAAN:

$$\omega^2 = -1 \Rightarrow \omega = \pm\sqrt{-1} = \pm i \Rightarrow \omega_1 = i, \omega_2 = -i$$

$$\omega^2 = -6 \Rightarrow \omega = \pm\sqrt{-6} = \pm i\sqrt{6} \Rightarrow \omega_3 = i\sqrt{6}, \omega_4 = -i\sqrt{6}$$

YLEINEN RATKAISU LINEARIKOMBINAATIONA:

$$\bar{y}(t) = c_1 e^{i t} \bar{v}_1 + c_2 e^{-i t} \bar{v}_1 + c_3 e^{i\sqrt{6} t} \bar{v}_2 + c_4 e^{-i\sqrt{6} t} \bar{v}_2$$

$$= (c_1 e^{i t} + c_2 e^{-i t}) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + (c_3 e^{i\sqrt{6} t} + c_4 e^{-i\sqrt{6} t}) \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\text{NYÖS}) \left( = (A \cos t + B \sin t) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + (C \cos(\sqrt{6} t) + D \sin(\sqrt{6} t)) \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$A = c_1 + c_2, \quad B = i(c_1 - c_2), \dots$$

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$$4) \quad y'' + 2y' + 5y = 0$$

$$y'' = -2y' - 5y$$

$$x_1 = y, \quad x_2 = y'$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1' = x_2 \\ x_2' = -5x_1 - 2x_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{x}' = \begin{bmatrix} y' \\ y'' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \bar{x}$$

$$(1) \quad \bar{x}' = A\bar{x}$$

$$\text{WRITE } \bar{x} = \bar{v} e^{\lambda x}$$

$$\bar{x}' = \lambda \bar{v} e^{\lambda x}$$

SIIJOITUS (1): SOEEN

$$\lambda \bar{v} e^{\lambda x} = A \bar{v} e^{\lambda x} \quad | : e^{\lambda x}$$

$$\lambda \bar{v} = A \bar{v}$$

0-ARVOT JA 0-VEKTORIT:

$$(A - \lambda I) \bar{v} = \bar{0}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 1 \\ -5 & -2-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = -\lambda(-2-\lambda) + 5 = \lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 5 = 0$$

$$\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4 \cdot 5}}{2} = -1 \pm 2i$$

0-VEKT.

$$\lambda_1 = -1 - 2i \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1+2i & 1 \\ -5 & -1+2i \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{matrix} \sim \\ \cdot (-1-2i) \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1+2i & 1 \\ 5+10i & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \searrow \\ \downarrow + \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} (-5) \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1+2i & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow (1+2i)x_1 + x_2 = 0$$

KIINNIETÄÄN  $x_1 = 1$ 

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = -1 - 2i$$

$$\Rightarrow v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1-2i \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1+2i \end{bmatrix}^T$$

JATKUU  
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4)  $\rightarrow$  JATKUU

YLEINEN RATKAISU LIN. KOMBINAATIONA

$$\bar{X} = C_1 \bar{v}_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + C_2 \bar{v}_2 e^{\lambda_2 t}$$

$$\bar{X} = C_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1-2i \end{bmatrix} e^{(-1-2i)t} + C_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1+2i \end{bmatrix} e^{(-1+2i)t}$$

TARKISTETAAN, MITEN KÄVI:

$$Y = X_1 = C_{11} e^{(-1-2i)t} + C_{21} e^{(-1+2i)t}$$

$$= C_{11} \cdot (e^{-t} (\cos 2t - i \sin 2t)) +$$

$$C_{21} \cdot (e^{-t} (\cos 2t + i \sin 2t))$$

$$= e^{-t} \cdot [ (C_{11} + C_{21}) \cos 2t + i (C_{21} - C_{11}) \sin 2t ]$$

$$\Rightarrow Y = e^{-t} [ C_3 \cos 2t + C_4 \sin 2t ]$$

JEP, SAMA KUIN LV4.2 HOMOG.-OSA

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$$5) \quad Y' = AY \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 4/3 \\ 8/3 & 5/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{Y} = \bar{v} e^{\lambda t}$$

$$\bar{Y}' = \lambda \bar{v} e^{\lambda t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda \bar{v} e^{\lambda t} = A \bar{v} e^{\lambda t} \quad | : e^{\lambda t}$$

$$A \bar{v} = \lambda \bar{v}$$

O-ARVOT

$$(A - \lambda I) \bar{v} = \bar{0} \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1/3 - \lambda & 4/3 \\ 8/3 & 5/3 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1/3 - \lambda)(5/3 - \lambda) - \frac{32}{9} = 0$$

$$= \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 12}}{2} = 1 \pm 2$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 3 \\ \lambda_2 = -1 \end{cases}$$

ORIGO ON SATULA, KOSKA  
TOINEN O-ARVO ON POSIT. JA  
TOINEN NEGAT.

O-VEKT.

$$\lambda_1 = 3: \begin{bmatrix} -8/3 & 4/3 \\ 8/3 & -4/3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \bar{0}$$

$$\Rightarrow -8/3 x_1 + 4/3 x_2 = 0$$

$$-2x_1 + x_2 = 0$$

$$\text{KIINNIT. } x_1 = 1 \Rightarrow x_2 = 2$$

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda_2 = -1: \begin{bmatrix} 4/3 & 4/3 \\ 8/3 & 8/3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x_1 = -x_2$$

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

YLEINEN RATKAISU:

$$\bar{Y} = c_1 \bar{v}_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + c_2 \bar{v}_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} = \begin{bmatrix} e^{3t} & e^{-t} \\ 2e^{3t} & -e^{-t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

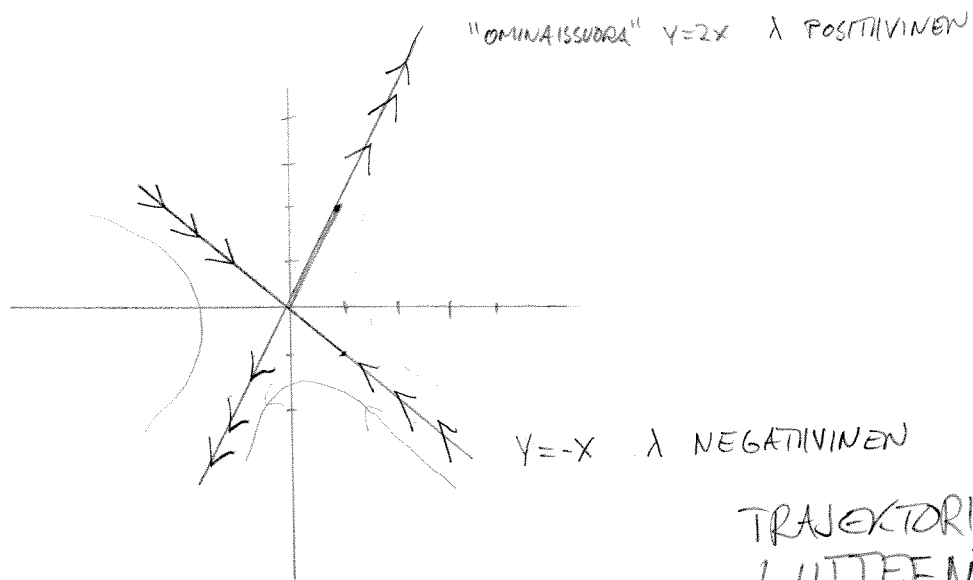
SATKUU



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5) <sup>JATKUU</sup>  
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0-VEKTORIT:  $\bar{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\bar{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$



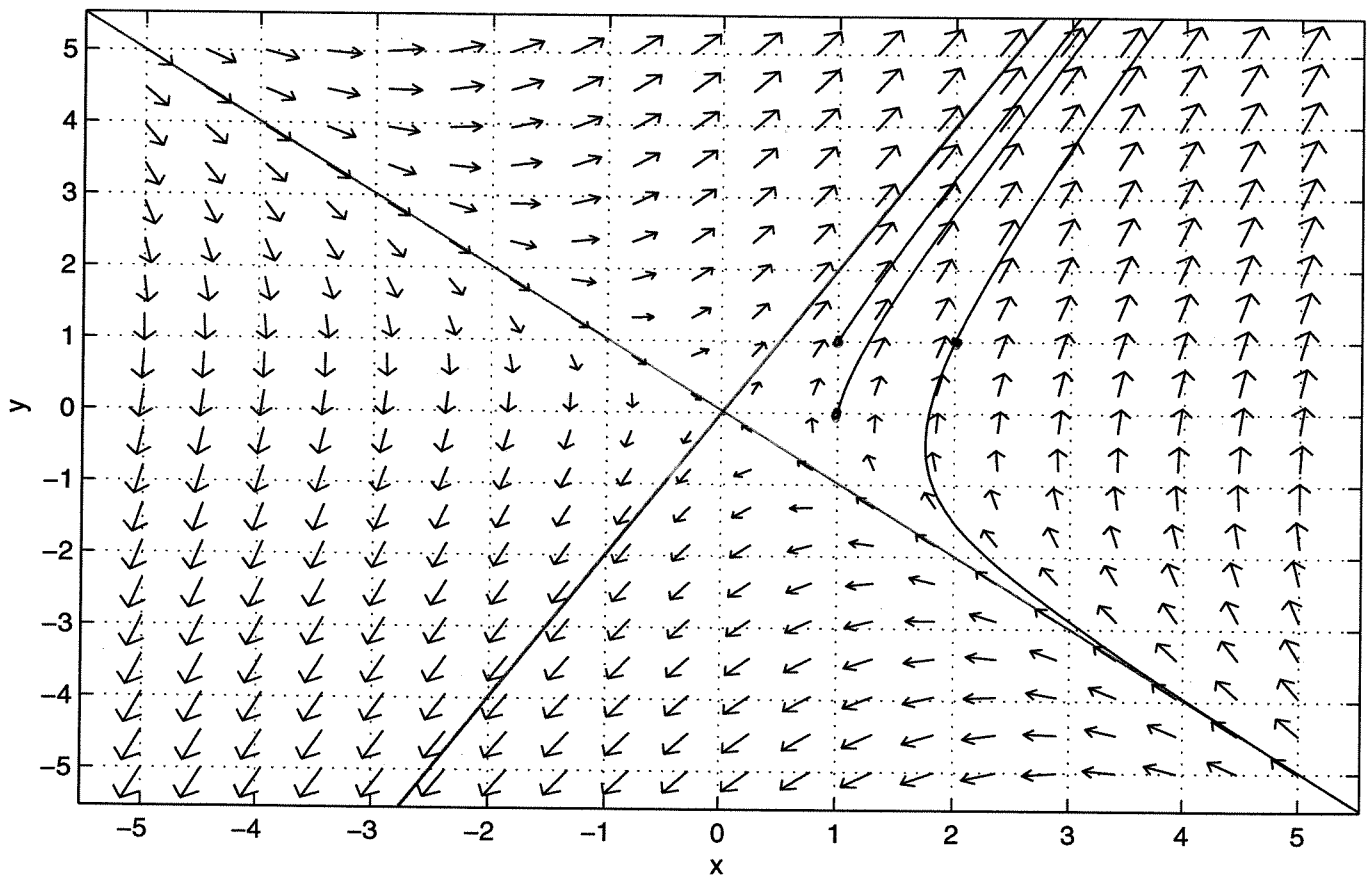
TRAJEKTORIIHAAMOTELMAT  
LIITTEENÄ.

(NORMITETTU 0-VECT. KANTA  
 $\{\bar{v}_{10}, \bar{v}_{20}\} = \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ )

TEXT 5)

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= Ax + By \\ y' &= Cx + Dy\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= 1/3 & B &= 4/3 \\ C &= 8/3 & D &= 5/3\end{aligned}$$



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$$6) \bar{Y}' = A\bar{Y} \quad \bar{Y}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0,1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & -2 \\ 1 & 3/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_1 = \frac{1}{2} + i \\ \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{2} - i \end{cases}$$

↳ (EPÄSTABIILI FOKUS ELI) LÄHDESPIRAALI  
(REALIOSA POS.,  
"PYÖRTESYYS" IMAGINÄÄRI)

0-VEKT.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1-i & -2 \\ 1 & 1-i \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{KOMPLEKSIKONJ.} \\ \text{KERTOMINON} \end{matrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} -1-i & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (-1-i)x_1 = 2x_2$$

$$x_1 = 1 \Rightarrow x_2 = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \bar{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

VLEINEN RATKAISU:

$$\bar{Y}(x) = C_1 \bar{v}_1 e^{(\frac{1}{2}+i)x} + C_2 \bar{v}_2 e^{(\frac{1}{2}-i)x} = \begin{bmatrix} e^{(\frac{1}{2}+i)x} & e^{(\frac{1}{2}-i)x} \\ (\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2})e^{(\frac{1}{2}+i)x} & (\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2})e^{(\frac{1}{2}-i)x} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

ALKUARVOT:

$$\bar{Y}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2} & -\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,05 + 0,05i \\ 0,05 - 0,05i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_1 = (0,05 + 0,05i)e^{(\frac{1}{2}+i)x} + (0,05 - 0,05i)e^{(\frac{1}{2}-i)x}$$

$$= e^{x/2} \cdot \left[ (0,05 + 0,05i)e^{ix} + (0,05 - 0,05i)e^{-ix} \right]$$

$$= e^{x/2} \cdot \left[ (0,05 + 0,05i) \cdot (\cos x + i \sin x) + (0,05 - 0,05i) (\cos x - i \sin x) \right]$$

$$= e^{x/2} \cdot \left[ 0,05 \cos x + i 0,05 \sin x + 0,05 i \cos x + 0,05 \sin x \right]$$

$$+ 0,05 \cos x - 0,05 i \sin x - 0,05 i \cos x - 0,05 \sin x \quad \xrightarrow{\text{JATK.}}$$

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6)  $\rightarrow$  JATKUU

$$y_1 = e^{t/2} \cdot [0,1 \cos t - 0,1 \sin t]$$

$$y_2 = \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}\right)(0,05 + 0,05i)e^{(\frac{1}{2} + i)t} + \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}\right)(0,05 - 0,05i)e^{(\frac{1}{2} - i)t}$$

$$= (-0,025 - 0,025i - 0,025i + 0,025)e^{(\frac{1}{2} + i)t} + 0,05ie^{(\frac{1}{2} - i)t}$$

$$= e^{t/2} \cdot (-0,05ie^{it} + 0,05ie^{-it})$$

$$= 0,05 \cdot e^{t/2} \cdot (-i(\cos t + i \sin t) + i(\cos t - i \sin t))$$

$$= 0,05 \cdot e^{t/2} (\sin t - i \cos t + i \cos t + \sin t)$$

$$= \underline{0,1 \cdot e^{t/2} \sin t}$$

AV8  
Tehtävä 6

